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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND OF THE SUPPLIER			
1.1. GHS product identifier.	Niacin (Nicotinic Acid), Encapsulated		
Other means of identification.	NiaShure™ (F34250	016; F3426016)	
<ol><li>1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use.</li></ol>	Used as a nutritional	al additive for feed.	
1.3. Supplier's details.	Name: Address:	Balchem Corporation 52 Sunrise Park Road New Hampton, NY 10958 USA +1 845-326-5600	
	Fax number: Internet: Email:	+1 845-326-5717 www.balchem.com sds@balchem.com	
1.4. Emergency phone number.	CHEMTREC:	800-424-9300 (USA) +1 703-527-3887 (International)	

2.	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION				
	2.1.	GHS classification of the substance or mixture and any national or regional information.	Eye Irritant Classification 2		ation 2
	2.2.	GHS label elements, including precautionary statements.	Warning	P305+ P351+ P338	Causes serious eye irritation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.  IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
				P337+ P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	2.3.	Other hazards which do not result in classification or are not covered by the GHS.	Niacin, for unknown particle size and moisture content, is classified as ST2 dust explosion and has an overpressure of 8.3 bar, a rate of pressure rise of 236 bar-m/s, and a minimum ignition energy averaging 1-5 mJ.  Similar lipids with a particle size of < 75 micron		as ST2 dust explosion and has .3 bar, a rate of pressure rise of ninimum ignition energy  particle size of < 75 micron
			dust explos	sion and h bar-m/s, a	6 moisture are classified as ST1 ave an overpressure of 7.6 bar, nd a minimum ignition energy

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS	COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
3.1. Substance:			
Chemical identity.	See section 3.2.		
Common name, synonyms, etc.	See section 3.2.		
CAS number, EC number, etc.	See section 3.2.		
Impurities and stabilizing additives which are themselves classified and which contribute to the classification of the substance.	See section 3.2.		
3.2. Mixture:			
The chemical identity and concentration or	Chemical Identity:	Concentration:	CAS No.:
concentration ranges of all ingredients which	Niacin	65.0 – 71.0%	59-67-6
are hazardous within the meaning of the	(Nicotinic Acid)		
	Lipids	29 – 35%	Various

6.2. Environmental precautions.



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	GHS and are present above their cutoff levels.				
4.	FIRST AID MEASURES				
	4.1. Description of first aid meas	ures.	particles (dust or r is difficulty breathi dust from any sou	gnificant exposure t mist), remove to fres ng, get medical atte rce may cause resp nounts of dust from	sh air and, if there ention. Breathing piratory irritation.
			wash with soap ar clothing before reu prevent exposure, flushing, burning a severe allergic rea	first aid is required. and water, and wash use. While encapsu raw niacin may cau and itching, and sev action have been re prevent mechanical essure water.	contaminated plation should use transient veral cases of ported.
			•	t aid required for in	gesting small
	4.2. Most important symptoms/e	ffects.	Acute: None. Delayed: None.		
	4.3. Indication of immediate med special treatment needed, if			erse effects from ex	posure to this
E	FIDEFICUTING MEASURES				
5.	<ul><li>FIREFIGHTING MEASURES</li><li>5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) ex media.</li></ul>	tinguishing	Water, Foam, CO2 and do not use wa	2, Dry Chemical. Tr	eat as burning fat
	5.2. Specific hazards arising from	n the chemical.	No specific hazard	ds. Combustion will bon, hydrogen, nitro	
	5.3. Special protective equipmer for firefighters.	nt and precautions	Avoid generating of sufficient concentry ignition source, is This material may deflagration hazar air. Secondary exan initial explosion	dust; fine dust disperations, and in the parations, and in the parations, and in the present an explosion drisk when dispersions may also parations with the preproportions of the area.	oresence of an oblosion hazard. on and sed and ignited in pose a risk once esence of a
6.	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEAS	LIRES			
3.	6.1. Personal precautions, prote and emergency procedures	ctive equipment	allowed to accumulate an explosive mixture atmosphere in suffer of dust in the air (compressed air).	ncy personnel: Dusulate on surfaces, a ure if they are releast ficient concentration e.g., avoid clearing esponders: No specified	s these may form sed into the n. Avoid dispersal dust surfaces with
-	00 = 1				

None.



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6.3	Methods and materials for co cleaning up.	ontainment and	Vacuum or sweep container.	o material and plac	ce in a disposal
7. H	ANDLING AND STORAGE				
	Precautions for safe handling	g.		h eyes, skin and c nandling. Avoid bre	
7.2	<ol> <li>Conditions for safe storage, incompatibilities.</li> </ol>	including any	Minimize dust ge housekeeping sh do not accumulat static electricity c of transfer and m	neration and accu ould be instituted to e on surfaces. Dry harges when subjuixing operations. F as electrical grour	to ensure that dusts
8. EX	XPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSO	NAL PROTECTI	ON		
	Control parameters.	MALTROTEGII	Niacin: OSHA Nu	isance Dust PELs pirable fraction = 5	(29 CFR mg/m³; Total = 15
8.2	<ol> <li>Appropriate engineering con</li> </ol>	trols.	airborne levels be recommended the local exhaust ven involved in handli relief vents or an oxygen-deficient handling systems collectors, vessel designed in a mathe work area (i.e equipment). Use equipment and possible to the state of the levels of the le	elow the exposure at all dust control of tilation and matering of this product explosion suppresenvironment. Ense (such as exhausts, and processing nner to prevent the only appropriately owered industrial t	equipment such as all transport systems contain explosion sion system or an aure that dust-equipment) are e escape of dust into age from the classified electrical arucks.
8.3	<ol> <li>Individual protection measur personal protective equipme</li> </ol>		particles (mist or injury to the eye,		
			approved dust reventilated areas of where the exposure	spirator. In confine or emergency and ure guidelines may n approved positive	other conditions to be greatly
9. PH	HYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PRO	OPERTIES			
	1. Information on basic physica	l and chemical pr			
	Appearance (physical state,	color, etc.).	White to off-white	, free flowing gran	nules.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical pro	operties.
Appearance (physical state, color, etc.).	White to off-white, free flowing granules.
Odor.	Little odor.
Odor threshold.	Not determined.
pH.	Niacin: 3.4 at 10 g/L in water
Melting point/freezing point.	Niacin: 235-237°C (455-459°F)
	Lipids: 57-71°C (135-160°F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range.	Niacin: Not available.
	Lipids: > 250°C (482°F)



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Flash point.	Niacin: 193°C (379°F)
·	Lipids: > 260°C (500°F)
Evaporation rate.	Not available. Assumed to be essentially zero.
Flammability (solid, gas).	Not flammable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits.	See section 2.3.
Vapor pressure.	Not available. Assumed to be essentially zero.
Vapor density.	Niacin: 4.25
Relative density.	Niacin: 1.47
	Lipids: 0.9
Solubility (ies).	Niacin: 15.0 g/L at 20°C in water
	Lipids: Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water.	Not available.
Autoignition temperature.	Niacin: Not available.
	Lipids: > 357°C (675°F)
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.
Viscosity.	Not available.
Oxidizing properties.	Not an oxidizer.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
10.1. Reactivity.	Not considered reactive.
10.2. Chemical stability.	Stable.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.	No hazardous reactions expected.
10.4. Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge,	Do not heat to boiling or decomposition in sealed
shock or vibration).	container.
10.5. Incompatible materials.	Avoid contact with strong acids, bases and oxidizers.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.	Compounds of carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, oxygen and
	chlorine.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
11.1. Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact);	Ingestion, skin and eye contact.
11.2. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics;	None expected.
11.3. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure;	None expected.
11.4. Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates).	100% Niacin:  LD <sub>50</sub> - 7,000 mg/kg oral (rat)  LD <sub>50</sub> - 3,720 mg/kg oral (mouse)  LD <sub>50</sub> - 4,550 mg/kg oral (rabbit)  LD <sub>50</sub> > 2,000 mg/kg; 24 hour; dermal (rat)  Chronic Toxicity: No evidence of developmental toxic effects were observed in rats at oral exposure doses of 40, 200 and 1,000 mg/niacin/kg/day administered from day six through day eighteen of gestation.  Genotoxicity/mutagenicity tests indicated niacin is not mutagenic or clastogenic.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
12.1. Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where	100% Niacin:
available).	LC <sub>50</sub> – 520 mg/L; 96 hour static (rainbow trout)
, in the second	EC <sub>50</sub> – 77 mg/L; 48 hour static (daphnia magna)
	EbC <sub>50</sub> – 68 mg/L; sp 96 hour (scenedesmus)
	EC <sub>50</sub> – 120 mg/L; sp 16 hour (pseudomonas)



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12.2. Persistence and degradability.	Not determined. Expected to be readily biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.	Not bioaccumulative.
12.4. Mobility in soil.	Not determined.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	Not determined.
12.6. Other adverse effects.	Not determined.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
13.1. Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging.	<b>Product:</b> Not considered a hazardous waste under US Federal Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR 261). Consult local regulations regarding proper disposal as they may be more restrictive or otherwise different from Federal/International regulations.
	Packaging: Dispose of packaging contaminated by product in accordance with regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
14.1. UN number.	Not hazardous.
14.2. UN proper shipping name.	Not hazardous.
14.3. Transport hazard class (es).	Not hazardous.
14.4. Packing group, if applicable.	Not hazardous.
14.5. Marine pollutant (Yes/No).	No.
14.6. Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises.	Not hazardous.
14.7. Transportation in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code.	Not hazardous.

15. REGULATORY INF	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION		
15.1. Safety, health	15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question.		
US Federal:	CERCLA:	Reportable Quantity – None (40 CFR 302.4)	
	CWA:	Release into a waterway may require reporting to the National Response Center @ 800-424-8802 (40 CFR 116.4).	
	FDA/USDA:	Follow Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP).	
	FIFRA:	Not applicable.	
	OSHA:	This product is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
	PSM:	This product is not subject to Process Safety Management (29 CFR 1910.119).	
	RCRA:	If discarded in purchased form, this product is not a listed or characteristic hazardous waste. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste (40 CFR 261).	
	RMP:	Not listed under the Risk Management Plan (40 CFR 68).	
	SARA TITLE III:	Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances – None (40 CFR 355) Section 311/312 Hazard Categories – None (40 CFR 370.66) Section 313 Toxic Chemicals – None (40 CFR 372.65)	
	TSCA:	On TSCA inventory.	
US State:		t subject to California Proposition 65. There are no known additional	
	requirements necessary for compliance with state right-to-know regulations.		
Canadian:	DSL:	Listed (published 5 April 1994)	



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EU:	CLP:	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 Classification, Labeling and Packaging does not apply to non-hazardous materials.
	EINECS:	No. 200-441-0
	REACH:	Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Registration, Evaluation,
		Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals does not apply to feed.
	Safety Data	Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 does not apply to non-hazardous
	Sheets:	materials.
15.2. It shall be indic	ated if a chemical	Not applicable.
safety assessment has been		
carried out for the substance or		
the mixture by the supplier.		

16. OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDING INFORMATION ON PREPARATION AND REVISION			
Reason for Issue:	New	New Reformatted per EU GHS.	
	Α	Reformatted per OSHA GHS.	
	В	Update to with GHS Precautionary and Hazardous statements	
Risk Phrases Used:	None	None Used.	
Hazard Ratings:	The fo	The following NFPA hazard ratings are recommended for this product:	
	Fire – 1; Health – 0; Reactivity – 0; Specific Hazard – None		
For safe handling, refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the			
Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids.			

THE FOLLO	WING ABBREVIATIONS MAY BE USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:
ACGIH	American Council of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CLP	Classification, Labeling and Packaging
CWA	Clean Water Act
D.O.T.	Department of Transportation
DSL	Domestic Substance List (Canada)
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective concentration which induces a response halfway between the baseline and maximum.
EC	European Community
ECL	Existing Chemicals List (Korea)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances
EU	European Union
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
FIFRA	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
IBC	International Bulk Chemical Code
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
K <sub>St</sub>	Deflagration Index
LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal concentration for 50% mortality of subject species
LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal dose for 50% mortality of subject species
LD <sub>LO</sub>	Lethal dose low; the lowest dose of a substance introduced by any route other than inhalation
	reported to have caused death in humans or animals.
LEL / LFL	Lower Explosive Limit / Lower Flammable Limit
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
MSHA	Mine Safety Health Administration
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic



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PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit (default 8 hour day, 40 hour week TWA)
PSM	Process Safety Management
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances
REL	Recommended Exposure Limit (default 10 hour day, 40 hour week TWA)
RMP	Risk Management Plan
SARA	Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit (default 15 minute TWA)
TD <sub>LO</sub>	Lowest dose to which humans or animals have been exposed and reported to produce a toxic effect other than cancer
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
TWA	Time Weighted Average
UFL	Upper Flammable Limit
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
vPvB	Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.