

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND OF THE SUPPLIER	
1.1. GHS product identifier.	Urea, Encapsulated
Other means of identification.	NitroShure™ (F3421016; F3420016)
1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use.	Used as a complementary feed for ruminants
1.3. Supplier's details.	<p>Name: Balchem Corporation Address: 52 Sunrise Park Road New Hampton, NY 10958 USA Phone number: +1 845-326-5600 Fax number: +1 845-326-5717 Internet: www.balchem.com Email: sds@balchem.com</p>
1.4. Emergency phone number.	CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (USA) +1 703-527-3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	
2.1. GHS classification of the substance or mixture and any national or regional information.	None. Material is not hazardous.
2.2. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements.	None. Material is not hazardous.
2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification or are not covered by the GHS.	<p>The particle size as produced is expected to limit potential for dust explosion.</p> <p>Urea, for unknown particle size and moisture content, is classified as ST1 dust explosion.</p> <p>Similar lipids with a particle size of < 75 micron diameter and 0.3 wt% moisture are classified as ST1 dust explosion and have an overpressure of 7.6 bar, K_{St} of 167 bar-m/s, and a minimum ignition energy averaging 2.1 mJ.</p>

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
3.1. Substance:			
Chemical identity.	See section 3.2.		
Common name, synonyms, etc.	See section 3.2.		
CAS number, EC number, etc.	See section 3.2.		
Impurities and stabilizing additives which are themselves classified and which contribute to the classification of the substance.	See section 3.2.		
3.2. Mixture:			
The chemical identity and concentration or concentration ranges of all ingredients which are hazardous within the meaning of the GHS and are present above their cutoff levels.	Chemical Identity:	Concentration:	CAS No.:
	Urea	87.0 – 91.0%	57-13-6
	Lipids	9.0 – 13.0 %	Various

4. FIRST AID MEASURES	
4.1. Description of first aid measures.	<p>Inhalation: For significant exposure to any nuisance particles (dust or mist), remove to fresh air and, if there is difficulty breathing, get medical attention. Breathing dust from any source may cause respiratory irritation. Breathing large amounts of dust from any source may cause injury.</p>

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	<p>Skin contact: No first aid is required. As a precaution, wash with soap and water, and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</p> <p>Eye contact: To prevent mechanical irritation, flush with clean, low-pressure water.</p> <p>Ingestion: No first aid required for ingesting small amounts. A single dose of 100 grams urea has reportedly caused mild symptoms of central nervous system depression (drowsiness etc.). High blood concentrations of urea may increase the risk of glaucoma.</p>
4.2. Most important symptoms/effects.	<p>Acute: None. Delayed: None.</p>
4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary.	There are no adverse effects from exposure to this product.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES	
5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media.	Water, Foam, CO ₂ , Dry Chemical. Treat as burning fat and do not use water jet.
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical.	No specific hazards. Combustion will produce compounds of carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen and oxygen.
5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters.	Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source, is a potential dust explosion hazard. This material may present an explosion and deflagration hazard risk when dispersed and ignited in air. Secondary explosions may also pose a risk once an initial explosion occurs with the presence of a combustible dust or powder in the area.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.	<p>For non-emergency personnel: Dust should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (e.g., avoid clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).</p> <p>For emergency responders: No specific protective equipment is required.</p>
6.2. Environmental precautions.	None.
6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up.	Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling.	Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.	Ensure containers are properly secured before moving. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precaution, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION	
8.1. Control parameters.	Urea: OSHA Nuisance Dust PELs (29 CFR 1910.1000): Respirable fraction = 5 mg/m ³ ; Total = 15 mg/m ³
8.2. Appropriate engineering controls.	Provide ventilation and particulate control to maintain airborne levels below the exposure guidelines. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.
8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment.	<p>Eye protection: If there is a potential for exposure to particles (mist or dust) which would cause mechanical injury to the eye, wear chemical goggles.</p> <p>Skin protection: No additional precautions.</p> <p>Respiratory protection: In dusty atmospheres, use an approved dust respirator. In confined or poorly ventilated areas or emergency and other conditions where the exposure guidelines may be greatly exceeded, use an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.</p>

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.	
Appearance (physical state, color, etc.).	Beige to white, free flowing granules.
Odor.	Slight ammonia
Odor threshold.	Not determined.
PH.	Urea: 7.2 at 100 g/L in water
Melting point/freezing point.	Urea: 133°C (271°F) Lipids: 57-71°C (135-160°F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range.	Urea: Decomposes at 135°C (275°F) Lipids: > 250°C (482°F)
Flash point.	Urea: Burns with difficulty Lipids: > 260°C (500°F)
Evaporation rate.	Not available. Assumed to be essentially zero.
Flammability (solid, gas).	Not flammable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits.	Not flammable.
Vapor pressure.	Urea: 80 Pa at 20°C (calculated) Lipids: Not available. Assumed to be essentially zero.
Vapor density.	Urea: Not available.
Relative density.	Average: 0.79 m/ml; Tapped Average: 0.98 g/ml
Solubility (ies).	Urea: 780 g/L at 5°C; 1193 g/L at 25°C in water Lipids: Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water.	Not available.
Autoignition temperature.	Urea: Not available. Lipids: > 357°C (675°F)
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.
Viscosity.	Not available.
Oxidizing properties.	Not an oxidizer.

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
10.1. Reactivity.	Not considered reactive.
10.2. Chemical stability.	Stable. After a long period of time, may slow hydrolyze to ammonium carbamate which further decomposes to ammonia and carbon dioxide.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.	No hazardous reactions expected.
10.4. Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock or vibration).	Do not heat to boiling or decomposition in sealed container.
10.5. Incompatible materials.	Avoid contact with strong acids, bases and oxidizers, and nitrates. Explosive mixtures may form if urea is mixed with strong acid. Reacts with sodium or calcium hypochlorite to form explosive nitrogen trichloride. Urea is incompatible with sodium nitrate, gallium perchlorate, phosphorus pentachloride, nitrosyl perchlorate, titanium tetrachloride and chromyl chloride.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.	Compounds of carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen and oxygen.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
11.1. Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact);	Not available.
11.2. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics;	Not available.
11.3. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure;	Not available.
11.4. Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates).	<p>100% Urea: LD₅₀ – 14,300 to 15,000 mg/kg oral (rat) LD₅₀ – 11,500 to 13,000 mg/kg oral (mouse) LD₅₀ – 510 mg/kg oral (cattle)</p> <p>Chronic Toxicity: A study of 67 workers in an environment with high airborne concentrations of urea found a high incidence of protein metabolism disturbances, moderate emphysema and chronic weight loss.</p>

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
12.1. Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available).	<p>100% Urea: LC₅₀ > 9,100 mg/L; 96-hr (<i>barillius barna</i> – fish) EC₅₀ > 10,000 mg/L; 24-hr (<i>daphnia magna</i> – aquatic invertebrate) TT > 10,000 mg/L; 192-hr cell multiplication inhibition test (<i>scenedesmus quadricauda</i> – aquatic plant) LD_{Lo} – 16,000 mg/kg subcutaneous (pigeon)</p>
12.2. Persistence and degradability.	Not determined. Expected to be readily biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.	Not bioaccumulative.
12.4. Mobility in soil.	Not determined.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	Not determined.
12.6. Other adverse effects.	Since urea is a fertilizer, it may promote eutrophication in waterways. Non-toxic to aquatic organisms as defined by USEPA. Stability in water: T _½ > 1 year and ultimately biodegrades.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
13.1. Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging.	<p>Product: Not considered a hazardous waste under US Federal Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR 261). Consult local regulations regarding proper disposal as they may be more restrictive or otherwise different from Federal/International regulations.</p> <p>Packaging: Dispose of packaging contaminated by product in accordance with regulations.</p>

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
14.1. UN number.	Not hazardous.
14.2. UN proper shipping name.	Not hazardous.
14.3. Transport hazard class (es).	Not hazardous.
14.4. Packing group, if applicable.	Not hazardous.
14.5. Marine pollutant (Yes/No).	No.
14.6. Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises.	Not hazardous.
14.7. Transportation in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code.	Not hazardous.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION		
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question.		
US Federal:	CERCLA:	Reportable Quantity – None (40 CFR 302.4)
	CWA:	Release into a waterway may require reporting to the National Response Center @ 800-424-8802 (40 CFR 116.4).
	FDA/USDA:	Follow Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP).
	FIFRA:	Not applicable.
	OSHA:	This product is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.
	PSM:	This product is not subject to Process Safety Management (29 CFR 1910.119).
	RCRA:	If discarded in purchased form, this product is not a listed or characteristic hazardous waste. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste (40 CFR 261.20-24).
	RMP:	Not listed under the Risk Management Plan (40 CFR 68).
	SARA TITLE III:	Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances – None (40 CFR 355) Section 311/312 Hazard Categories – None (40 CFR 370.2) Section 313 Toxic Chemicals – None (40 CFR 372.65)
	TSCA:	On TSCA inventory.
US State:	This product is not subject to California Proposition 65. There are no known additional requirements necessary for compliance with state right-to-know regulations.	
Canadian:	DSL:	Listed (published 5 April 1994)
EU:	CLP:	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 Classification, Labeling and Packaging does not apply to non-hazardous materials.
	EINECS:	No. 200-315-5 (Urea) No. 307-332-8 (Monoglycerides)
	REACH:	Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals does not apply to feed.
	Safety Data Sheets:	Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 does not apply to non-hazardous materials.

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15.2. It shall be indicated if a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier.	Not applicable.
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16. OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDING INFORMATION ON PREPARATION AND REVISION		
Reason for Issue:	New	Reformatted per EU GHS. Added trade name NitroShure.
	A	Reformatted per OSHA GHS.
	B	Minor change to Section 1.1 and added to 2.3 "The particle size as produced is expected to limit potential for dust explosion."
	C	Change recommended us to complementary feed
	D	Changed appearance to match updated Technical Data Sheet
Risk Phrases Used:	None Used.	
Hazard Ratings:	The following NFPA hazard ratings are recommended for this product: Fire – 1; Health – 0; Reactivity – 0; Specific Hazard – None	
For safe handling, refer to NFPA 654, <i>Standard for the prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids.</i>		

THE FOLLOWING ABBREVIATIONS MAY BE USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:	
ACGIH	American Council of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CLP	Classification, Labeling and Packaging
CWA	Clean Water Act
D.O.T.	Department of Transportation
DSL	Domestic Substance List (Canada)
EC ₅₀	Effective concentration which induces a response halfway between the baseline and maximum.
EC	European Community
ECL	Existing Chemicals List (Korea)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances
EU	European Union
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
FIFRA	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
IBC	International Bulk Chemical Code
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
K _{St}	Deflagration Index
LC ₅₀	Lethal concentration for 50% mortality of subject species
LD ₅₀	Lethal dose for 50% mortality of subject species
LD _{Lo}	Lethal dose low; the lowest dose of a substance introduced by any route other than inhalation reported to have caused death in humans or animals.
LEL / LFL	Lower Explosive Limit / Lower Flammable Limit
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
MSHA	Mine Safety Health Administration
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit (default 8 hour day, 40 hour week TWA)
PSM	Process Safety Management
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances
REL	Recommended Exposure Limit (default 10 hour day, 40 hour week TWA)
RMP	Risk Management Plan

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SARA	Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit (default 15 minute TWA)
TD _{Lo}	Lowest dose to which humans or animals have been exposed and reported to produce a toxic effect other than cancer
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
TWA	Time Weighted Average
UFL	Upper Flammable Limit
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
vPvB	Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.